Behaviour Policy

At Llangatwg Community School we believe everyone is different and special. The pupils and staff feel they are known as valued members of the school community and everyone is treated as an individual. The ethos of Llangatwg is a caring one, characterised by concern for others and self, and controlled by calm consistency.

Good behaviour at our school is considered to be a necessary condition in order for effective teaching and learning to take place. This is an important aspect of education which society in general rightly expects.

At Llangatwg Community School, we attempt to create and sustain a positive, supportive and secure environment. An exciting, appropriate, challenging and well-planned curriculum is offered in the belief that the quality of its content, its delivery and its teaching methods are important influences on pupil behaviour.

Where good standards of behaviour at school are concerned, we rely greatly on the attitude and support of parents. The great majority of parents take their responsibilities seriously in developing good standards of behaviour in their children. Llangatwg Community School has an 'open door' policy, and close liaison is encouraged with parents and the wider community at all times. Our school is seen as a place that welcomes everybody.

Aims and Objectives

Our Aims

At Llangatwg Community School our aim is to reinforce good behaviour and foster positive attitudes so that, everyone will:

- [i] behave in a reasonable manner at all times
- [ii] show consideration, courtesy and respect for others
- [iii] demonstrate self-esteem and self-discipline
- [iv] demonstrate a respect for their environment

This can be summed up in the ethos of:-

Be Ready

Be Respectful

Be Safe

Our Objectives

[i] A consensus on essential values

All staff will have a consistent approach to maintaining good behaviour, via a shared value system, with senior staff members showing effective leadership and concern.

[ii] High expectations

Teachers will expect every child to work to the best of his/her ability, ensuring that every child experiences success, and has the opportunity to take responsibility.

[iii] Challenging teaching

Teaching staff at Llangatwg Community School recognise that expectations of themselves and of their pupils are crucial in determining standards of behaviour. A stimulating environment, presentation, and range of materials, which fully engage the pupil, will develop positive classroom attitudes. The curriculum, whilst meeting the demands of the National Curriculum, is always designed reflecting the need and interest of the pupils.

[iv] Pupils actively engaged in their own learning

Children will be actively involved in their own learning, and in the wider life of the school. They will be helped towards an understanding of the effects of their action, which should lead to an acceptance of responsibility for their behaviour.

[v] Parental involvement

The school believes that clear messages must be given to pupils when they first enter the school. We expect parents to share responsibility for their child's behaviour and to support the school's Behaviour Policy. Parents will be informed of their child's behaviour, as appropriate. Parents work in partnership with the school and good communication aids good conduct.

[vi] Creating a climate in which pupils feel secure

We believe that children learn best if they are confident in their ability to achieve; so a climate must be created in which a child feels secure and where self-esteem is allowed to develop. At Llangatwg, we believe it is important to discover the source of unwanted behaviour. If we are able to understand what is wrong, we may be able to change the behaviour and make some steps towards solving the child's problem.

Managing Pupil Behaviour

Encouraging Good Behaviour in Class

Good behaviour in the classroom is associated with a number of influencing factors; lively and stimulating teaching; an environment which arouses curiosity and interest; work which is matched to pupils' abilities, pupils being involved in worthwhile activities and being encouraged to take some responsibility for their own learning. If all these factors are in place, pupils will respond in a positive way.

[i] Setting clear standards of behaviour

Teachers set specific and positive standards of behaviour and routines for their classes following school philosophy and statements. Praise and encouragement is to be given when these are adhered to, and consequences applied when they are not. All classes will follow the school rules. Consistency is essential if the current arrangements are to have any effect.

[ii] Reinforcing the good

Teachers reward the behaviour which is being encouraged. Praise needs to be specific, and rewards meaningful to the individual. Pupils' achievements are recognised at individual, year and whole school level. Merits on Sims are awarded.

[iii] Whole Class involvement

In some circumstances the class as a whole can help a child monitor and modify his/her behaviour.

[iv] Group/Class discussion

Teachers can use discussion times to talk about behaviour and share ideas with the children. Teachers should recognise the importance of a child understanding why behaviour needs to be changed. Alternative behaviour needs to be suggested and demonstrated. Children should be encouraged to recognise and value positive behaviour in others.

[v] Prompt Response

Behaviour problems are dealt with promptly and effectively.

[vi] External Agency Support

When necessary effective liaison with external agencies supports work that the school does to engage all pupils. Individual education plans are also implemented in case where a pupil is regularly displaying poor behaviour.

[vii] Parental Involvement

Relationships and communication with parents/carers is essential and effective in dealing with inappropriate behaviour. Tutors, subject teachers, Heads of departments and Year Leaders communicate any necessary concerns. In addition, Year Leaders communicate improved performance and conduct.

Dealing with unwanted behaviour

Discipline is a **collective responsibility** of everyone in the school and each member of staff benefits from a general improvement in attitudes, expectations and behaviour of pupils. While this document identifies the roles of certain members of staff and standard procedures, every individual teacher must make a determined effort to ensure good discipline inside and outside the classroom.

[i] Behaviour Problems in Class

Each individual teacher is responsible for maintaining discipline within their classroom. Individuals have different styles of teaching, but the teachers must be in control/charge. Pupils respect competence, fairness and genuine interest and are quick to detect their absence.

Each member of staff should refer to the School Rules and draw pupils' attention to it. A copy of the Rules and consequences should be displayed in a prominent position in each class.

Rewards and consequences should relate to the relevant sections of the DFL system - a copy is attached at the end of the policy.

If a teacher is conscious of having to exert himself/herself to control a pupil or group of pupils, the Head of Department and Year Leader may be notified to provide an insight into the problem. This will allow the Year Leader to build up a picture of individuals within the year group, or for the Head of Department to support a review of course content, lesson design or classroom management.

Although the first responsibility for control lies with the class teacher, the school's management structure provides support. Once all strategies at the classroom teacher's disposal have been implemented, the school's agreed policy on discipline must be implemented.

On the rare occasion when a pupil's behaviour is so extreme that immediate help is required – senior staff should be contacted immediately.

[ii] Behaviour Problems out of Class

Each member of staff should exercise control and direction of pupils where this is necessary in out-of-class situations arising in and around the school, e.g. movement in corridors, excessive noise, disorderly conduct, loitering.

Where more serious problems arise, e.g. truancy, vandalism, smoking, fighting or insolence arising from confrontation, members of staff should take what immediate steps are possible to counter the problem, establish the identity of the pupil[s] and record via SIMS.

Prevention is better than cure and staff are required to be on duty on time to discharge their supervisory duties as efficiently as possible.

School Uniform. The maintenance of the necessary standard of school uniform and general appearance is firstly the concern of the form tutors. Pupils who fail to conform after reasonable requests should be brought to the notice of their Year Leader.

[iii] Lunchtime procedures – relating to behaviour

Any incident of poor behaviour occurring during the lunch hour should be reported by the Prefects to the member of staff on duty. If an immediate response is required, support can be sought from Senior Staff. Normal strategies relating to sanctions on behaviour to be enforced from this point.

[iv] Behaviour outside school

Learners' behaviour outside school on school business, e.g. on school trips, away school sports fixtures or work experience placements is subject to the school's behaviour policy.

Bad behaviour in these circumstances will be dealt with as if it had taken place in school.

For behaviour outside school, but not on school business, the headteacher may exclude a learner if there is a clear link between that behaviour and maintaining good behaviour and discipline among the learner body as a whole. This will be a matter of judgement for the headteacher.

Learners' behaviour in the immediate vicinity of the school or on a journey to or from school can, for example, be grounds for exclusion.

The School will act reasonably both in relation to expectations of learners' behaviour and in relation to any measures determined for regulating behaviour by learners when off the school site and not under the control or charge of a member of staff. The school will decide what to take into account in deciding whether or not a sanction in a particular case is reasonable.

The school will endeavour to meet the following objectives regarding behaviour outside school:

- maintain good order on transport, educational visits or other placements such as work experience or college courses
- secure behaviour which does not threaten the health or safety of learners, staff or members of the public
- provide reassurance to learners who may feel threatened or intimidated by the behaviour of a small minority of their peers
- provide reassurance to members of the public about school care and control over learners and thus protect the reputation of the school
- provide protection to individual staff from harmful conduct by learners of the school when not on the school site.

Monitoring

- The Deputy Headteacher reports termly to the Community Governors Sub Committee on pupil behaviour and exclusions.
- Senior Pastoral Team Meetings allow both formal and informal review of pupil behaviour.
- A range of data relating to behaviour is analysed to inform planning and reviews.

Links to other policies

- Anti Bullying Policy
- Race Equality Policy
- No Smoking Policy

- Attendance and Punctuality Policy
- PSE Policy
- Substance Misuse Policy
- Exclusion Policy

Review

The policy is reviewed annually after evaluation.

The Discipline for Learning posters are displayed throughout the school. Pupils are aware of the rules and most importantly why they are necessary.

School Rules

Be Ready Be Respectful Be Safe

Exclusion Policy

Introduction

The following framework for exclusion has been agreed to ensure that the specific guidelines outlined in the 1997 Education Act are followed and that there is a consistent approach within the Authority and the school itself.

The school will have regard to the Welsh Government guidance regarding the exclusion of pupils from schools and pupil referral units.¹

Types of Exclusion

An exclusion occurs when a pupil is sent home from school and an accompanying formal letter of exclusion is sent to the parent/guardian. There are different types of exclusion as follows:-

Fixed Term Exclusions: a pupil may be excluded for up to 45 days in any school year,

after which time the pupil would be permanently excluded. In line with the County guidelines, it is likely that fixed term exclusions will be several days in the first instance, with longer fixed exclusions only used on further occasions when exclusion

is necessary.

Permanent Exclusion: This would mean that the pupil will no longer be able to attend

the school, but would be subject to the appeals process. This is a last resort for the school after all the available support has

been used and exhausted.

¹ under the Education Act 2002, headteachers, teachers in charge of a PRU, governing bodies, LAs and independent appeal panels must by law have regard to the Welsh Government guidance Exclusion from schools and referral units" Guidance document no: 081/2012. Date of issue September 2012. Note - There is a strong expectation that the guidance will be followed unless there is good reason to depart from it. The guidance is not exhaustive and judgements will need to take account of the circumstances of individual cases

There will, however, be exceptional circumstances where in the headteacher's judgement it is appropriate to permanently exclude a learner for a first or one-off offence. These might include:

- a. serious actual or threatening violence against another learner or a member of staff
- b. sexual abuse or assault
- c. supplying an illegal drug
- d. use or threatened use of an offensive weapon.

Procedures for Exclusion

- Only the Headteacher may exclude or, in his absence, the Deputy Headteacher.
- No pupil should be sent home during a school session unless there has been contact with parents and their consent obtained. This includes lunchtimes.
- All formal exclusions must be accompanied by an official exclusion letter, which is available in the school office.
- Copies of all exclusion letters should be made available to the Headteacher for the school records, the Deputy Headteacher and a copy sent to the LEA.
- Parents/Guardians will be contacted by telephone to inform them of the exclusion and to negotiate a time when a full discussion can take place. The formal exclusion will also include the time of the appointment and a return date for the pupil if appropriate.
- The outcomes of all meetings will be recorded and kept on file.
- If the exclusion is for more than two days, the school will ensure that work is set for the pupil and will arrange for it to be marked as appropriate.

Guidelines for Exclusions

Exclusions are seen to be a last resort when all other support available has been used as effectively as possible, but has made little significant improvement to overall behaviour.

Exclusions may be considered when:

- Pupils assault others or cause them personal distress through physical or emotional bullying.
- Pupils are openly defiant or engage in serious actual or threatening violence against a member of staff.
- Pupils repeatedly disrupt lessons or the work of others.
- Pupils repeatedly fail to adhere to the school's agreed code of conduct.
- Pupils fight on the school premises or on the way to and from school.
- Behaviour outside school see "Behaviour outside school" pages 6/7 above

This list is not exhaustive, but indicates the type of behaviour which may result in exclusion.

Pupils may be asked to sign a Contract of Good Behaviour on their return to school to emphasise the need for them to improve their general attitude and conduct. This is seen as supportive and only highlights the expectations of all pupils in the school.

When pupils return to school after an exclusion, in some cases they may be asked to appear, with their parents, before a sub-committee of the School Governors.

When a pupil first attends school after an exclusion, the Year Leader will monitor the pupil to ensure that a successful reintegration takes place after suitable discussions have taken place with the parent/guardian.